

1. Product and Company Identifaction

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Product Name **Rxsol-40-4016-025**
Product Type **RXSOL ELC Extended Life Coolant**

Company Details:

RX MARINE INTERNATIONAL
105, A wing , BSEL , TECH PARK.
VASHI ,NEW BOMBAY 400703 INDIA

Stock Point : Mumbai, Kandla, Kolkata, Chennai, Vizag, Fujairah, Muscat

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2. Composition / Information on ingredients

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Components	Cas Number	Amount
Benzotriazole Mixtrue	-----	5-15 % Weight
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	35-50 % Weight
Potassium	3164-85 - 0	1-5 % Weight
Diethylene Glycol	111-46-6	1-5 % Weight
Sodium 2-Ethylhexanoate	19766-89-3	5-9 % Weight

5 to 15% Benzotriazole mixture is especially useful in preventing cavitation corrosion in high speed coolant pumps having aluminum housing and impellers. This could aid service life. While presence of Sodium 2-Ethylhexanoate enhance thermal stability of Coolant

3. Hazards Identification

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Emergency Overview

- May be harmful or fatal if swallowed
- Harmful or harmful or fatal if swallowed
- Causes eye irritation
- Contains material that may cause adverse reproductive effects based on animal data- Possible birth defect hazard
- contains material that may cause birth defects based on animal data
- May cause damage to
- Kidney

IMMEDIATE HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye: Contact with the eyes causes irritation. Symptoms may include pain, tearing, swelling and impaired vision.

SKIN: Contact with the skin is not expected to cause prolonged or significant irritation. Not expected to be harmful to internal organs if through the skin.

Ingestion: Toxic, may be harmful or fatal if swallowed

Inhalation: The vapor or fumes from this material may cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms of concentration above the recommended exposure limits may cause central nervous system effects. Central nervous system effects may include headache, dizziness, nausea, vomiting, weakness, loss of coordination, blurred vision, drowsiness, confusion, or disorientation. At extreme exposures, central nervous system effects may include respiratory depression, loss of consciousness, coma or death.

DELAYED OR OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS

Reproduction and Birth Defects: Contains material that may cause adverse reproductive effects based on animal data. Contains material that may be harmful to the developing fetus based on animal data.

Target Organs: Contains materials that may cause damage to the following organ(s) following repeated ingestion based on animal data: Kidney, Skin

4. First Aid Measures

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Eye:-Flush eyes with water immediately while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses , if worn ,after initial flushing , and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes . Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin:-To remove the material from skin , use soap and water . discard contaminated clothing and shoes . or thoroughly clean before reuse.

Ingestion :-If swallowed ,get immediate medical attention .Do not induce vomiting Never give any thing By mouth an unconscious person .

Inhalation:-Move the exposed persons to fresh air .if not breathing ,given artificial respiration .if breathing is difficult, give oxygen. get medical attention if breathing difficulties continue.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

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FIRE CLASSIFICATION:

OSHA CLASSIFICATION (29 CFR 1910.1200):Not classified by OSHA as flammable or combustible.

NEPA RATINGS : Health : 2 Flammability : 0 Reactivity : 0

Flammable Properties :

Flashpoint : NA

Autoignition : NDA

Flammability (Explosive) Limits (%) by volume in air) : Lower : NA Upper : NA

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA : dry Chemical, Co2, AFFF Foam or alcohol resistant Foam

PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS:

Fire Fighting Instructions: For Fires Involving This material,do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment , including self - containedbreathing apparatus.

Combustion Products :Highly dependent on combustion condition , A complex mixture of airborne solids,liquids.and gases including carbon monoxide, and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion. Combustion may form oxides of Potassium.

6. Accidental Release Measures

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Spill Management

Stop the source of the release if you can do it with out risk. Contain release to prevent further contamination of soil, soil and groundwater. Clean up spill as soon as possible, observing precaution in Exposure Controls / Personal Protection. Use techniques such as applying non-combustible materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.

Reporting

Report spills to local authorities and / or the U.S. Coast Guard's National Response Center at (800) 424 - 8802 required.

7. Handling and Storage

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Precautionary Measures

Do not get in eyes.Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not breathe vapor or fumes.

General Handling Information

Do not taste or swallow antifreeze or solution. Keep out of the reach of children and animals.

General Storage Information

Do not store in open or unlabeled containers.

Container Warnings

Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it may rupture with explosive containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and / or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum recovered and disposed of properly.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

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General Considerations

Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section, applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances) place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

Engineering Controls

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye / Face Protection : Wear protective equipment to prevent eye contact. Selection of protective equipment may include : Safety Glasses, Chemical goggles, face shields, or a combination depending on the work operations conducted.

Skin Protection : No special protective clothing is normally required. Where splashing is possible, select protective clothing depending on operations conducted, physical requirements and other substances in the workplace. Suggested materials for gloves include : Natural rubber, Neoprene, Nitrile Rubber, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC or Vinyl).

Respiratory Protection : Determine if airborne concentrations are below the recommended exposure limits. If not, wear a respirator that provides adequate protection from measured concentrations of this material, such as : Air-Purifying Organic Vapors, Dusts and Mists. Use a positive pressure air-supplying respirator in circumstances where air-purifying respirators do not provide adequate protection.

Occupational Exposure Limits :

Component	Limit	TWA	STEL	Ceiling	Notation
Ethylene Glycol	ACGIH - TLV			100 mg / m ³	
Ethylene Glycol	OSHA - PEL			125 mg / m ³	
Ethylene Glycol	ACGIH			39.4 ppm (weight)	

9. Physical and chemical properties

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Attention : The data below are typical values and do not constitute a specification.

Color	Red
Physical State	Liquid
Odor	NDA
pH	8.1 - 8.9
Vapor Pressure	NDA
Vapor Density (Air = 1)	2.1
Boiling Point	228 °F (109 °C)
Solubility	Miscible
Freezing Point	-34 °F (-37 °C)
Melting Point	NDA
Specific Gravity	1 - 1.5 @ 15.6 °C
Viscosity	°C

10. Stability and reactivity

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Chemical Stability

This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

Incompatibility With Other Materials

May react with strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, and acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Aldehydes (Elevated temperatures)

Hazardous Polymerization

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

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Immediate Health Effects

Eye Irritation

The eye irritation hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar components.

Skin Irritation

The skin irritation hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar components.

Skin Sensitization

No product toxicology data available.

Acute Dermal Toxicity

The acute dermal toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar product components.

Acute Oral Toxicity

The acute oral toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar components.

Acute Inhalation Toxicity

The acute inhalation toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar product components.

Additional Toxicology Information :

This product contains ethylene glycol (EG). The toxicity of EG via inhalation or skin contact is expected to be slight at room temperature. The estimated oral lethal dose is about 100 cc (3.3 oz.) for an adult human. Ethylene glycol is oxidized to oxalic acid which results in the deposition of calcium oxalate crystals mainly in the brain and kidneys. Early signs and symptoms of EG poisoning may resemble those of alcohol intoxication. Later, the victim may experience nausea, vomiting, weakness, abdominal and muscle pain, difficulty in breathing and decreased urine output. When EG was heated above the boiling point of water, vapors formed which reportedly caused unconsciousness, increased lymphocyte count, and a rapid, jerky movement of the eyes in persons chronically exposed. When EG was administered orally to pregnant rats and mice, there was an increase in fetal deaths. Some of these effects occurred at doses that had no toxic effects on the mothers. We are not aware of any reports that EG causes reproductive toxicity in human beings.

2 - Ethylhexanoic acid (2-EXA) caused an increase in liver size and enzyme levels when repeatedly administered to rats via the diet. When administered to pregnant rats by gavage or in drinking water, 2-EXA caused teratogenicity (birth defects) and delayed postnatal development of the pups. Additionally, 2-EXA impaired female fertility in rats. Birth defects were seen in the offspring of mice who were administered sodium 2-ethylhexanoate via intraperitoneal injection during pregnancy.

This product contains diethylene glycol (DEG). The estimated oral lethal dose is about 50 cc (1.6 oz) for an adult human. DEG has caused the following effects in laboratory animals : liver abnormalities, kidney damage and blood abnormalities. It has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in humans : liver abnormalities, kidney damage, lung damage and central nervous system damage.

12. Ecological information

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Ecotoxicity

The toxicity of this material to aquatic organisms has not been evaluated. Consequently, this material should be kept out of sewage and drainage bodies of water

Environmental Fate

This material is expected to be readily biodegradable.

13. Disposal considerations

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Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. This material, if it must be discarded, may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by US EPA under RCRA (40 CFR 261) or other State and local regulations. Measurement of certain physical properties and analysis for regulated components may be necessary to make a correct determination. If this material is classified as a hazardous waste, federal law requires disposal at a licensed hazardous waste disposal facility.

14. Transport information

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The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49 CFR, or appropriate Dangerous Goods Regulations (e. g. technical name) and modespecific or quantity-specific shipping requirements.

Dot Shipping Name	Not regulated as a hazardous material for transportation under 49 CFR
Dot Hazard Class	Not applicable
Dot Identification Number	Not applicable
Dot Packing Group	Not applicable

15. Regulatory information

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Sara 311 / 312 Categories

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects	Yes
Delayed (Chronic) Health Effects	Yes
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactivity	No

Regulatory Lists Searched :

4 = 11 = IARC Group 1	15 = SARA Section 313
4 = 12 A = IARC Group 2A	16 = CA Proposition 65
4 _=12 B = IARC Group 2B	17 = MA RTK
05 = NTP Carcinogen	18 = NJ RTK
06 = OSHA Carcinogen	19 = DOT Marine Pollutant
09 = TSCA 12 (b)	20 = PA RTK

The following components of this material are found on the regulatory lists indicated.

Ethylene Glycol	15, 17, 18, 20
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Cercla Reportable Quantities (RQ) Sara 302 Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQ) :

Component	Component RQ	Component TPQ	Product RQ
Ethylene Glycol	5000 lbs	None	10963 lbs

Chemical Inventories :

Canada : One or more components of this product are not on the Domestic Substances List (DSL). Volume tracking or notification by the Canadian Importer of Record may be required.

European Union : All the components of this material are in compliance with the EU Seventh Amendment Directive 92 / 32 / EEC

United States : All of the components of this material are on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Inventory.

New Jersey RTK Classification :

Refer to components listed in Section 2.

WHMIS Classification :

Class D, Division 1, Subdivision B : Toxic Material -

Acute Lethality

Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A : Very Toxic Material -

Chronic Toxic Effects

Teratogenicity and Embryotoxicity

Reproductive Toxicity

Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B : Toxic Material -

Chronic Toxic Effects

Skin or Eye Irritation

16. Other information

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NFPA RATINGS :	Health : 2	Flammability : 0	Reactivity : 0
HMIS RATINGS :	Health : 2	Flammability : 0	Reactivity : 0
(0 - Least, 1- Slight, 2 - Moderate, 3 - High, 4 - Extreme, PPE : - Personal Protection Equipment Index recommendation, - Chronic Effect Indicator).			
These values are obtained using the guidelines or published evaluations prepared by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) or the National Paint and Coating Association (for HMIS ratings)			
Revision Statement : This revision updates the following sections of this Material Safety Data Sheet : 1, 2, 3, 15			

Abbreviations That May Have Been Used In This Document :

TLV	Threshold Limit Value	TWA	Time Weighted Average
STEL	Short-terms Exposure Limit	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
		CAS	Chemical Abstract Service Number
NDA	No Data Available	NA	Not Applicable
=	Greater Than or Equal To		

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