

1. Product and Company Identification

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Product Name

N,N-Dimethylformamide

Product Type

RXSOL-60-6023-100

Chemical Formula

HCN(CH₃)₂

Company Details:

RX MARINE INTERNATIONAL
105, A wing , BSEL , TECH PARK.
VASHI ,NEW BOMBAY 400703 INDIA

Stock Point : Kolkata, Mumbai, Gandhidham, Chennai, Visakhapatnam, Fujairah

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mail@rxmarine.com

2. Composition / Information on ingredients

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Name	CAS #	% by Weight
N,N-Dimethylformamide	68-12-2	100

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: N,N-Dimethylformamide: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2800 mg/kg (Rat), 2900 mg/kg (Mouse), 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit); DERMAL (LD50): Acute:4720 mg/kg (Rabbit).

3. Hazards Identification

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Potential Acute Health Effect

Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permanent), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Potential Chronic Health Effects

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: 3 (Not classifiable for human.) by IARC. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells. Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified POSSIBLE for human. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Reproductive system/toxin/female. Reproductive system/toxin/male (POSSIBLE). The substance is toxic to kidneys, liver, central nervous system (CNS). The substance may be toxic to blood, the nervous system. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organ damage.

4. First Aid Measures

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Description of first aid measures:

Eye Contact

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.
Serious Skin Contact	Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
Serious Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek medical attention. material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.
Serious Ingestion	Not available

5. Fire-fighting Measures

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Flammability of the Product	Flammability of the Product
Auto-Ignition Temperature	445°C (833°F)
Flash Points	CLOSED CUP: 57.778°C (136°F) (Tagliabue) OPEN CUP: 67°C (152.6°F).
Flammable Limits	LOWER: 2.2% UPPER: 15.2%
Products of Combustion	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), nitrogen oxides (NO, NO ₂ ...)
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat. Non-flammable in presence of shocks.
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	Flammable liquid, soluble or dispersed in water. SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion. Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Not available.
Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards	A mixture of triethylaluminum and DMF explodes when heated. DMF + potassium permanganate may explode.

6. Accidental Release Measures

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Small Spill	Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container.
Large Spill	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas, if needed. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

7. Handling and Storage

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Precautions for safe handling

Keep locked up. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes!

Vapors/steams: Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, acids.

Storage:

Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

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Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits

TWA: 10 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] TWA: 30 (mg/m³) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

9. Physical and chemical properties

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Physical state and appearance

Liquid.

Odor

Amine like. (Slight.) ●

Taste

Not available.

Molecular Weight

73.09 g/mole

Color

Colorless to light yellow.

pH (1% soln/water)

Not available

Boiling Point

153°C (307.4°F)

Melting Point

-61°C (-77.8°F)

Critical Temperature

374°C (705.2°F)

Specific Gravity

0.949 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure

0.3 kPa (@ 20°C)

Vapor Density

2.51 (Air = 1)

Volatility

Not available

Odor Threshold

100 ppm

Water/Oil Dis. Coeff

The product is more soluble in water; log₁₀(water) = -1

Ioncity (in Water)

Not available

Dispersion Properties

See solubility in water, diethyl ether, acetone

Solubility

Easily soluble in cold water, hot water. Soluble in diethyl ether, acetone. Miscible organic solvents. Soluble in benzene, and chloroform.

10. Stability and reactivity

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Stability

The product is stable.

Instability Temperature	Not available
Conditions of Instability	Heat, ignition sources (sparks, flames), incompatible materials
Incompatibility with various substances	Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids.
Corrosivity	Non-corrosive in presence of glass.
Special Remarks on Reactivity	Can react vigorously with oxidizing agents, halogenated hydrocarbons, and inorganic nitrates. Incompatible with carbon tetrachloride, alkyl aluminums, sodium tetraborate, nitrates, chromic acid, diisocyanatoethane, triethylaluminum, sodium hydride, lithium azide, metallic sodium, bromine, magnesium nitrate, potassium permanganate, nitric acid, chromium trioxide, borohydrides, phosphorus trioxide, diborane, octafluorobutyrate, sodium nitrite, perchloryl fluoride, potassium methyl 4,4'-diaminobutyrate. Reacts with inorganic acid chlorides, such as phosphorus oxychloride and thionyl chloride, may form dimethylcarbamoyl, a suspect carcinogen. May release dimethylamine and carbon monoxide if heated above 350 C (662 F).
Special Remarks on Corrosivity	Pure dimethylformamide is essentially non-corrosive to metals. However copper, tin and their alloys should be avoided.
Polymerization	Will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

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Routes of Entry	Absorbed through skin.Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation.Ingestion.
Toxicity to Animals	WARNING: THE LC50 VALUES HEREUNDER ARE ESTIMATED ON THE BASIS OF A 4 HOUR EXPOSURE. Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 2800 mg/kg (Rat). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 4720 mg/kg (Rabbit). Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 9400 l hours (Mouse)
Chronic Effects on Humans	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: 3 (Not classifiable for human.) by IARC. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells. Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified POSSIBLE for human. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Reproductive system/toxic/female. Reproductive system/toxic/male (POSSIBLE). Causes damage to the following organs: kidneys, liver, central nervous system (CNS). May cause damage to the following organs: blood, the nervous system.
Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permanent),of ingestion, of inhalation.
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	Lowest Published Lethal Dose: LCL(Rat) - Route: Inhalation; Dose: 5000 ppm/6H
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	May affect genetic material. May cause adverse reproductive effects(paternal and maternal) and birth defects. Embryotoxic and/or foetotoxic in animal. Passes through the placental barrier in animal. May cause cancer although IARC evidence for cancer in humans shows inadequate data.
Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans	Acute Potential Health Effects: Skin: Causes skin irritation with itching, burning,redness,swelling, or rash. It may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts and cause systemic effects similar to that of ingestion. It may facilitate the absorption of other chemical substances through the skin. If there is significant potential for skin contact, monitoring should be done to measure the level of DMF metabolites in urine specimens at the end of the shift. It is common practice to limit end-of-shift metabolites at or below 40 ppm expressed as a monomethylformamide or a single individual or at or below 20 ppm MFP for several workers doing the same job. Eyes: Causes eye irritation (possibly severe) with tearing pain or blurred vision. Inhalation: May cause respiratory tract irritation. Short-term overexposure by inhalation may affect behavior/central nervous system (confusion, muscle weakness and other symptoms similar to that of acute ingestion), respiration (dyspnea), ingestion: It can cause gastrointestinal tract irritation with heartburn, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting or diarrhea. It may also affect the cardiovascular system (hypertension, tachycardia, ECG abnormalities), blood (elevated white blood cell counts), and liver damage (hepatomegaly, jaundice, altered liver enzymes, fatty liver.

12. Ecological information

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Ecotoxicity	Not available.
BOD5 and COD	Not available
Products of Biodegradation	Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.
Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation	The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.

13. Disposal considerations

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Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

14. Transport information

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DOT Classification: CLASS 3: Flammable liquid.

Identification: : N,N-Dimethylformamide UNNA: 2265 PG.

Special Provisions for Transport:Not available.

15. Regulatory information

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Federal and State Regulations

Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: N,N-Dimethylformamide Illinois chemical safety act: N,N-Dimethylformamide New York release reporting list: N,N-Dimethylformamide Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: N,N-Dimethylformamide Pennsylvania RTK: N,N-Dimethylformamide Minnesota: N,N-Dimethylformamide Massachusetts RTK: N,N-Dimethylformamide Massachusetts spill list: N,N-Dimethylformamide New Jersey: N,N-Dimethylformamide New Jersey spill list: N,N-Dimethylformamide Louisiana spill reporting: N,N-Dimethylformamide California Director's List of Hazardous Substances: N,N-Dimethylformamide TSCA 8(b) inventory: N,N-Dimethylformamide TSCA 8(d) H and S data reporting: N,N-Dimethylformamide 12/1995 SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: N,N-Dimethylformamide CERCLA: Hazardous substances: N,N-Dimeth 1006.