

## 1. Product and Company Identification

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Product Name Phosphoric Acid 85 Percent Food Grade  
Part Number RXSOL-19-1105-180

### Company Details:

RX MARINE INTERNATIONAL  
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## 2. Composition / Information on ingredients

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### Mixtures

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Orthophosphoric acid	85	7664-38-2
Water	< 15	7732-18-5

## 3. Hazards Identification

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Classification of the substance or mixture	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
OSHA/HCS status	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
<b>GHS label elements</b>	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	May be corrosive to metals. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.
<b>Precautionary statements</b>	
General	Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep only in original packaging. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or physician.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or physician.

Store locked up. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

None known

None known

Storage

Disposal

Supplemental label elements

Other hazards which do not result in classification

## 4. First Aid Measures

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Eye contact

Begin eye irrigation immediately. All eye exposures to acid require medical evaluation following decontamination. Immediately rinse eyes with large quantities of water or saline for a minimum of 20-30 minutes depending on severity of exposure. If possible, remove contact lenses being careful not to cause additional eye damage. If the initial water supply is insufficient, keep the affected area wet with a moist cloth and transfer the person to the nearest place where rinsing can be continued for the recommended length of time. Call an ambulance for transport to hospital. Continue eye irrigation during transport. For additional advice call the medical emergency number on this safety data sheet or your poison center or doctor.

Inhalation

If mists or vapors are present in unknown or excessive concentrations, rescuers must wear appropriate respiratory protection and a suit resistant to acids (Level B or C). REMOVE PERSON TO FRESH AIR. Watch closely for signs of wheezing and breathing difficulties. Maintain an open airway. If not breathing, begin CPR. Oxygen may be administered by trained personnel. Affected persons who have stopped breathing or are having difficulty breathing or are unconscious need immediate medical attention. Call an ambulance for transport to hospital. For additional advice call the medical emergency number on this SDS or your poison center or doctor.

Skin contact

CORROSIVE. Causes severe burns. Immediately begin rinsing the affected areas with water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Affected areas should be rinsed for a minimum of 20 - 30 minutes or longer depending on severity of exposure. Luke-warm water is recommended for continued irrigation to prevent hypothermia. Conscious persons without breathing difficulties may benefit from prolonged irrigation in a fixed shower or bathing facility prior to hospital transport. Call an ambulance for transport to hospital. Continue skin irrigation during transport. For additional advice call the medical emergency number on this safety data sheet or your poison center or doctor.

Ingestion

CORROSIVE. May cause severe burns to the mouth, throat, and stomach. If the affected person requires cardiopulmonary resuscitation, avoid

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mouth to mouth contact. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, attempt to keep head lower than the chest so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Wash face and mouth with water to remove visible material. If the exposed person is conscious and can swallow, give 1-2 sips of water. Do not give anything else by mouth. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie, belt or waistband to prevent any breathing restrictions. For signs of breathing difficulties, refer to the INHALATION section. Call an ambulance for transportation to hospital. For additional advice, call the medical emergency number on this safety data sheet or your poison center or doctor.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

Corrosive to eyes on contact. Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation

Irritating to the respiratory system. May cause breathing difficulties.

Skin contact

Corrosive to the skin. Causes severe burns.

Ingestion

Corrosive to the digestive tract. May cause burns to the mouth, throat and stomach.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Pain

Watering

Redness

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Coughing

Wheezing and breathing difficulties

Inhalation

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Skin contact

Pain or irritation

Redness

Blistering may occur

Ingestion

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Throat and stomach pain

Difficulty swallowing

Nausea or vomiting

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

Phosphoric acid is an acid which may cause coagulative necrosis. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive. The extent of injury depends on duration of exposure and concentration of liquid. Do not attempt to use chemicals to neutralize the exposure. 24 Hr Medical Emergency telephone number for professional support: English: 1-303-389-1653; French or Spanish: 1-303-389-1654.

Specific treatments

Outcomes can be improved by minimizing time to decontamination and extending decontamination times to reduce tissue damage. Expert opinion indicates extended decontamination is required to remove corrosive chemicals. Skin and eye decontamination should be performed for a

minimum of 20 - 30 minutes. Extended decontamination times may be required depending on the exposure. To avoid hypothermia, irrigation water should be maintained at a comfortable temperature. If the patient is not in extremis, it may be necessary to delay transport to emergency care facilities to ensure adequate decontamination time. However, early patient transport may be necessary depending on patient's condition or the availability of water. If possible, continue skin and/or eye irrigation during emergency medical transport. Double-bag contaminated clothing and personal belongings of the patient.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Depending on the situation, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask, gloves, protective clothing and a respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Mouth-to-mouth resuscitation of oral exposure patients is not recommended. First-aiders with contaminated clothing should be properly decontaminated.

## 5. Fire-fighting Measures

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Suitable extinguishing media

Non-flammable. Material will not burn. Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

None known

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Reacts violently with water. Will react with water or steam to produce heat and corrosive fumes. Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air. Flammable concentrations of vapor may accumulate in the headspace of containers

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: acidic corrosive material

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Remark

Contain and collect the water used to fight the fire for later treatment and disposal.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

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### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel". Refer to Emergency Response Guidebook, Guide 154 for further information regarding spill control and Isolation/Protective Action Distances Guidelines.

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused adverse impacts (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Neutralize acids by applying basic substances (soda ash or lime) or use an acid spill kit. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Approach release from upwind. Stop leak if without risk. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Move containers from spill area. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. The spilled material may be neutralized with calcium carbonate, crushed limestone, or sodium carbonate. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and Storage

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### Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Handle the material in a fume hood/cupboard or under local exhaust ventilation. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Refer to NFPA 400 Hazardous Materials Code for further information on the safe storage and handling of hazardous materials.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air. Flammable concentrations of vapor may accumulate in the headspace of containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Refer to NFPA 400 Hazardous Materials Code for further information on the safe storage and handling of hazardous materials.

## 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

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### Control parameters

### Individual protection measures

### Occupational exposure limits

#### Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
<b>Individual protection measures</b>	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
<b>Skin protection</b>	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended:  Butyl rubber  Neoprene rubber  Nitrile rubber  PVC  Contact your personal protective equipment manufacturer to verify the compatibility of the equipment for the intended purpose.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended:  chemical-resistant protective suit  Contact your personal protective equipment manufacturer to verify the compatibility of the equipment for the intended purpose.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Impervious rubber safety boots. Contact your personal protective equipment manufacturer to verify the compatibility of the equipment for the intended purpose.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Contact your personal protective equipment manufacturer to verify the compatibility of the equipment for the intended purpose.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance

Physical state

Liquid. [Clear viscous liquid.]

Color

Colorless

Odor	Odorless
Odor threshold	Not available
pH	1 to 1.5
Melting point	21.1°C (70°F)
Boiling point	158°C (316.4°F)
Flash point	[Product does not sustain combustion.]
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Non-flammable substance. Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air. Flammable hydrogen gas may be produced on prolonged contact with metals such as aluminum, tin, lead and zinc. Flammable concentrations of vapor may accumulate in the headspace of containers.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available
Vapor pressure	0.13 kPa (1 mm Hg) [room temperature]
	0.27 kPa (2 mm Hg) [50°C]
Vapor density	3.4 [Air = 1]
Relative density	1.7
Solubility	Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	Soluble
Partition coefficient: noctanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Variable, depending on temperature.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity	<p>Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:</p> <p>Reacts violently with bases.</p> <p>May be corrosive to metals.</p> <p>Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air.</p> <p>This product should be stored away from oxidizing materials and strong bases.</p>
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	May be corrosive to metals. Contact your sales representative or a metallurgical specialist to ensure compatibility with your equipment.
Conditions to avoid	No specific data. This product should be stored away from oxidizing materials and strong bases. Refer to NFPA 400 Hazardous Materials Code for further information on the safe storage and handling of hazardous materials.
Incompatible materials	<p>Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air.</p> <p>Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:</p> <p>Alkalis</p> <p>Metals</p>
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## 11. Toxicological information

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**Information on toxicological effects****Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Phosphoric acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	1250 mg/kg	-
Water	LD50 Oral	Rat	>90 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary Not considered to be acutely toxic. Corrosive material.

Irritation/Corrosion Not available

**Conclusion/Summary**

Skin Corrosive to the skin.

Eyes Corrosive to eyes.

Respiratory May cause respiratory irritation.

Sensitization Not available

**Conclusion/Summary**

Skin No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Respiratory No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity Not available

Conclusion/Summary No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity Not available

Conclusion/Summary No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity Not available

Conclusion/Summary No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity Not available

Conclusion/Summary No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available

Aspiration hazard Not available

Information on the likely routes of exposure Inhalation

Skin contact

Eye contact

**Potential acute health effects**

Eye contact Corrosive to eyes on contact. Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation Irritating to the respiratory system. May cause breathing difficulties.

Skin contact Corrosive to the skin. Causes severe burns.

Ingestion Corrosive to the digestive tract. May cause burns to the mouth, throat and stomach.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Eye contact

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Pain

Watering

Redness

Inhalation

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

	Coughing
	Wheezing and breathing difficulties
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	Pain or irritation
	Redness
	Blistering may occur
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	Throat and stomach pain
	Difficulty swallowing
	Nausea or vomiting

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects	See above
Potential delayed effects	See above.

#### Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects	See above
Potential delayed effects	See above

#### Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary	Adverse effects are typically the result of acute overexposure. These effects may be long term or permanent in nature.
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 12. Ecological information

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Toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Harmful to aquatic life. Excessive nutrient run off to a body of water may result in eutrophication.
Persistence and degradability	
Conclusion/Summary	Not persistent. Readily biodegradable
Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)	Not available
Other adverse effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

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Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.
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Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## 14. Transport information

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	<b>TDG Classification</b>	<b>DOT Classification</b>	<b>Mexico Classification</b>	<b>IMDG</b>	<b>IATA</b>
UN number	1805	1805	1805	UN1805	UN1805
UN proper shipping name	Phosphoric acid, liquid	Phosphoric acid solution	Phosphoric acid solution	Phosphoric acid	Phosphoric acid
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8	8	8
Packaging group	III	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No	No	No	No	No
Additional information	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 5 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 5	Reportable quantity 5000 lbs / 2270 kg [299.84 gal / 1135 L] Packages of less than the reportable quantity are not subject to Hazmat transportation requirements. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 1 L Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 L	Special provisions 223, P001, IBC03, LP01	-	Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 60 L Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 5 L

	Special provisions	
	A7,IB3,IP3,N34,	
	T4,TP1	
Special precautions for user		Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code		Not available

## 15. Regulatory information

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### Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI

CEPA Toxic substances

Canada inventory

The following components are listed: Phosphorus (total)

None of the components are listed

All components are listed or exempted.

### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

Australia

All components are listed or exempted.

China

All components are listed or exempted.

Europe

All components are listed or exempted.

Japan

All components are listed or exempted.

Malaysia

All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand

All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines

All components are listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea

All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan

All components are listed or exempted.

Turkey

Not determined

### U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

TSCA 8(b) Active inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Phosphoric acid

Not listed

(b) Hazardous Air

Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Not listed

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)

Listed

### SARA 302/304 Composition/information on ingredients

SARA 304 RQ

Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Classification

Immediate (acute) health hazard

**State regulations**

Massachusetts

New York

New Jersey

Pennsylvania

California Prop. 65

The following components are listed: Phosphoric acid

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The following components are listed: Phosphoric acid

This product, as manufactured, does NOT contain any substance in concentrations known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Nutrien cannot guarantee the downstream compliance of any product once out of Nutrien custody.

**16. Other information**

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Other Information

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