Product Name	RXSOL-60-6604-001
Product Type	SN-150 RX
Revised date	

Company Details:

RX MARINE INTERNATIONAL 105, A wing, BSEL, TECH PARK. VASHI.NEW BOMBAY 400703 INDIA

Stock Point: Mumbai, Kandla, Chennai, Visakhapatnam, Kolkata, Fujairah, Muscat Barka

Phone +91 22 27815541 / 42 Fax +91 22 2781 1318 :::AOH ::091 9821214367 Email

mail@rxmarine.com

Product Name SN-150 RX Identication of the substance: Mixture for cleaning

Chemical family: Hydrocarbon mixture CAS No: 64742- 94-5 EINECS No:

265-198-5 Product description:

Clear, colorless liquid U.N No.: 1268 NFPA hazard rating: 2.3.0 IMO

hazard group: 3 Stationary phase: Liquid Solubility in water:

Insoluble EINECS Number:

265-198-5 CAS Number: 64742- 94-5 Components Or Ingredients: C5 -C10+

ALKYL AROMATICS MIXTURE OF ISOMERS C5 -C10+ ALKYL AROMATICS MIXTURE OF ISOMERS ISOMERSC5 -C10+ ALKYL AROMATICS MIXTURE OF ISOMERS R37 , R20/21,

R36/37/38 Physical And Chemical Hazards / Fire And Explosion

Hazards Moderate hazard: Liquids can release vapors that can readily form ammable mixtures upon moderate heating to temperature at or above the ash point Liquids can release vapors that can readily form ammable

mixtures upon moderate heating to temperature at or above the ash point annual can release vapors that can readily form annual can release vapors that can release vapors that can readily form annual can release vapors that can release vapors that can readily form annual can release vapors that can release vapors that can readily form annual can release vapors that can release vapors that

Static discharge:

Product can accumulate static charges which can cause an incendiary electrical discharge. Product can accumulate static charges which can cause an incendiary electrical discharge.

Inhalation:

Using proper respiratory protection, immediately remove the aected victim from exposure. Administer articial respiration if breathing is stopped.

Keep at rest. Call for prompt medical attention ash point

Liquids can release vapors that can readily form ammable mixtures upon moderate heating to temperature at or above the ash point

Skin Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water; use soap if available. Remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, after ushing has begun If irritation persists, get medical attentionFlush with large amounts of water; use soap if available.

Remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, after ushing has begun If irritation persists, get medical attention

Eye Contact:

Flush eyes with large amounts of water until irritation subside.

If irritation persists, get medical attention

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If irritation persists, get medical attentionFlush eyes with large amounts of water until irritation subside .

Keep at rest. Get

Fire Fighting Procedures: Use water spray to cool re exposed surfaces and to protect personnel. Shut o "fuel" to re. If a ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect men attempting to stop a leak. Use foam or dry chemical to extinguish fire ash point. Liquids can release vapors that can readily form ammable Vmixtures upon moderate heating to temperature at or above the ash point

Special Fire Precautions:

Avoid spraying water directly into storage containers due to danger of boiler. See also section 4 "FIRST AID MEASURES" as well as section 10 "STABILITY AND REACTIVITY" If irritation persists, get medical attentionFlush with large amounts of water; use soap if available. Remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, after ushing has begun If irritation persists, get medical attention Hazardous Combustion Products: No unusual If irritation persists, get medical attentionFlush eyes with large amounts of water until irritation subside. If irritation persists, get medical attention

Land Spill: Eliminate sources of ignition. Warn occupants of down wind areas of re and explosion hazard. Prevent liquid from entering sewers, wa tercourses, or low areas. Keep public away. Shut o source if possible to do so w ithout hazard. Advise police if substance has entered a watercourse or sewer or has contami nated soil or vegetation. Take measures to minimize the eect on the ground wa ter. Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth Recover by pumping (use an explosion proof or hand pump) or with a suitable absorbent. If li quid is too viscous for pumping, scrape up with shovels or pails and place in s uitable containers for recycle or disposal Consult an expert on disposal of recove red material and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations. See section 4 " FIRST AID MEASURES" as well as section 10 "STABILITY AND REACTIVITY"ash point Liquids can release vapors that can readily form ammable mixtures upon moderate heating to temperature at or above the ash point

Water Spill:

Eliminate sources of ignition. Warn occupants and ship ping in downwind areas of re and explosion hazard and request them to stay clear. Noti fy port or relevant authority and keep public away. Shut o source if possib le. Remove from surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. If allowed by I ocal authorities and environmental agencies sinking and/or suitable dispersa nts may be used in non- conned waters. Consult an expert on disposal of any recov ered material and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations. See also section 4 "FIRST AID MEASURES" and section 10 "STABILITY AND REACTIVITY".

Storage Temperature (Deg c el) **Ambie** Transport Temperature Deg c el) **Ambient** Loading/Unloading Temperature (Deg cel) Ambient C5 -C10+ ALKYL AROMATICS MIXTURE OF SOMERS ISOMERSC5 -C10+ ALKYL AROMATICS MIXTURE OF ISOMERS Viscosity (cS t) 0.92 Storage/Transport Pressure (Kpa) Atmospheric Electrostatic Use proper grounding procedure. **Usual Shipping Containers** Tank cars, tank trucks, tankers, barges, drums Materials And Coatings Suitable Carbon Steel, Stainless Steel, Polyester, Teflon Materials And Coatings Unsuitable Natural Rubbers, Butyl Rubber, EPDM, Polystyrene, Polyethylene, Polypropylene, Polyvinyl chloride, Polyvinyl alcohol, Polyacrylonitrile Compatibility with Plastic Materials can vary; we therefore recommend that compatibility is tested prior to use. Storage / Handling, General Notes Keep container closed. Handle containers with care. Open sl owly in order to control possible pressure release. Store in a cool, well-ventilated place away from i ncompatible materials. Do not handle, store or open near an open ame, sources of heat or sources of ign ition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Material will accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). Use proper grounding procedures.DO NOT pressurize, cut, heat or weld containers. Empty product containers may contain product residue. DO NOT reuse empty containers without commercial cleaning or reconditioning. Reep container closed. Handle containers with care. Open slowly in order to control possible pressure release. Store in a cool, well-ventilated place away from i ncompatible materials. Do not handle, store or open near an open ame, sources of heat or sources of ign ition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Material will accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). Use proper grounding procedures. DO NOT pressurize, cut, heat or weld containers. Empty product containers may contain product residue. DO NOT reuse empty containers without commercial cleaning or reconditioning. Compatibility with Plastic Materials can vary; we therefore recommend that compatibility is tested prior to use.

Workplace Exposure Limits: The use of local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control process emission s near the source. Laboratory samples should be stored and handled in a lab hood. Provide mechanical ventilation of conned spaces. See respiratory protection recommendations. Us e explosionproof ventilation equipment. Workplace Exposure Limits: The use of local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control process emission s near the source. Laboratory samples should be stored and handled in a lab hood. Provide mechanical ventilation of conned spaces. See respiratory protection recommendations. Us e explosion- proof ventilation equipment. Workplace Exposure Limits: The use of local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control process emission s near the source. Laboratory samples should be stored and handled in a lab hood. Provide mechanical ventilation of conned spaces. See respiratory protection recommendations. Us e explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Occupational Exposure Limits: 50 ppm total hydrocarbon Protection:For open systems where contact is likely, wear chemical resistant gloves, rubber boots, achemical jacket and a face shield. Where contact may occur, wear long sleeves, che mical resistant gloves and a face shield. Where concentrations in air may exceed the limits given in this Section and engineering, work practice or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation. These are indicative values only. Please refer also to the product specication sheet. Form/Color Clear colorless liquid Odor Aromatic hydrocarbon od or Freezing / Melting Point -50.00 deg cel **Boiling Point Range** 110 -190 deg cel Flashpoint (Tcc) > 65 deg cel Autoignition Temperature > 420 deg cel Explosive Limits (In Air) 0.8 - 7.0 vol % Vapor Pressure @ 20 C 0.104 kPa Vapor Pressure @ 38 C 0.207 kPa Vapor Pressure @ 55 C 0.754 kPa Density @ 15 C 0.881 q/cc Vapor Density (1013 Kpa/Air) > 1.00 kPa Solubility In Water @ 20.00 Degc Viscosity @ 25 C 0.92 cSt **Evaporation Rate** (N-Bu Acetate=1) 0.100Evaporation Rate (N-Bu Acetate=1) 0.100 0.100 Hazardous No Polymerization Conditions To Avoid Polymerization Not Applicable Stability Stable Conditions To Avoid In-Stability Not Applicable Materials And Conditions To

INHALATION: Vapor concentrations above recommended exposure levels may be irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, could be anesthetic and may have other central nervous system eects.

SKIN CONTACT: - Low order of toxicity

- Frequent or prolonged contact may defeat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.discomfort and dermatitis.- Frequent or prolonged contact may defeat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. E YE

CONTACT: - Will cause eye discomfort, but will not injure eye tissue. INGESTION: - Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or from vomiting may cause bronchopneumonia or pulmonary edema.

- Minimal toxicity.

Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Avoid(Incompatibility):

None

Environmental Mobility

Henry's Law Constant (Pa-M3/Mole)

3.0E -02 T 1/2 Hydrolysis (Days)

HYDROLYSIS UNLIKELY T 1/2 Atmospheric (Days) Bioconcentration Factor

670 (calculated)

The following advice only applies to the product as supplied. Combination with other materials may well indicate another route of disposal. If in doubt, contact local authorities. Empty drums should be taken for recycling, recovery or disposal through a suitably qualied or licensed contractor. Care should be taken to ensure compliance with EC, national and local regulations. This product is not suitable for disposal by either landll or via municipal s ewers, drains, natural streams or rivers. This product is ash less and can be burned directly in appropriate equipment.

ADR /RID Class , Item: 3,31c Empty

Containers: 3,41 Danger Number: 30 Substance Id Number:

Danger Label: 9 Max. Kg Exempt:

500 Sea (IMDG)

UN Number: 1268

IMO Class: 9 IMDG Code: 3345

Marine Pollutant: Yes Packaging Group: lii

- Risk Label: 3 Subsidiary Risk:

Air (ICAO/IATA)

- ICAO/IATA Class: 9 Passenger Packing

- Instruction: 309/Y309 - Passenger Max.

Quantity/Pack:60l/10l- Cargo Packing0.100Evaporation Rate(N-Bu Acetate=1)0.100Instruction:310

- Cargo Max. Quantity/Pack: 220l

Classication And Labeling According To EEC Directives

Classication/Symbol: Harmful/Xn Classication/Symbol: Flammable/

Governing Directive:

Dangerous Substances Directive 88/379/Eec, As Modied.

Label Name: Solvent Naphtha Heavy - 200 Nature Of

Special Risk R10 Flammable Safety Advice S43a In Case Of

Fire Use Sand, Earth, Chemical Powder Or Foam.

MSDS Creation Date:

July 23, 2015 NRevision #0 Date The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantibility or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the

suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall the company be liable for any claims, losse s, or damages of any third party or for lost prots or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential, or exemplary damages h owsoever arising.

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